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April 7, 2026

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Re: Audit of the Financial Statements of Municipality of the Town of Riverview, New Brunswick

We have been engaged to express an audit opinion on the financial statements of Municipality of the Town of Riverview, New Brunswick ("the municipality") for the year ended December 31, 2025. We have substantially completed our audit and are pleased to report on the following items.

The purpose of this report is to summarize certain aspects of the audit that we believe to be of interest to the Town council. This report should be read in conjunction with the draft financial statements and our report thereon.

Auditor Independence

We are required to apply the code/rules of professional conduct as applicable in New Brunswick, including those related to independence, for the audit engagement.

Through our planning process, we identify any potential independence threats and communicate any concerns we identify. The municipality, management and the Town council have a proactive role in this process, and are responsible for understanding the independence requirements applicable to the municipality and its auditor. You must bring to our attention any changes in the threshold status of the municipality, any concerns you may have, or any knowledge of situations or relationships between the municipality, management, personnel (acting in an oversight or financial reporting role) and our Firm, its partners/principals and audit team personnel that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence.

In determining which relationships to report, these standards require us to consider relevant rules and related interpretations prescribed by the Chartered Professional Accountants of New Brunswick and applicable legislation, covering such matters as:

- (a) Holding a financial interest, either directly or indirectly, in a client;
- (b) Holding a position, either directly or indirectly, that gives the right or responsibility to exert significant influence over the financial or accounting policies of a client;
- (c) Personal or business relationships of immediate family, close relatives, partners or retired partners, either directly or indirectly, with a client;
- (d) Economic dependence on a client; and
- (e) Provision of services in addition to the audit engagement.

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In accordance with our professional requirements, we advise you that we are not aware of any relationships between the municipality and our Firm that, in our professional judgement, may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence.

Accordingly, we hereby confirm that our audit engagement team, our Firm and the other Baker Tilly Canada offices are independent with respect to the municipality within the meaning of the Code of Professional Conduct Rule 204 of the Chartered Professional Accountants of New Brunswick.

Our Responsibilities as Auditor

As stated in the engagement letter, our responsibility as auditor of your municipality is to express an opinion on whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the municipality in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

An audit is performed to obtain reasonable but not absolute assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that some misstatements of the financial statements will not be detected (particularly intentional misstatements concealed through collusion), even though the audit is properly planned and performed.

Our audit includes:

- Assessing the risk that the financial statements may contain material misstatements that, individually or in the aggregate, are material to the financial statements taken as a whole;
- Examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Assessing the accounting principles used, and their application;
- Assessing the significant estimates made by management;
- Concluding on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the municipality's ability to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

As part of our audit, we obtained a sufficient understanding of the business and internal control structure of the municipality to plan the audit. This included management's assessment of:

- The risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud and error; and
- The internal controls put in place by management to address such risks.

The engagement team undertook a documented planning process prior to commencement of the audit to identify concerns, address independence considerations, assess the engagement team requirements, and plan the audit work and timing.

An audit does not relieve management or those responsible for governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of the municipality's financial statements.

The firm maintains a system of quality management that supports the consistent performance of quality audit engagements.

Audit Approach

Outlined below are certain aspects of our audit approach which are intended to help you in discharging your oversight responsibilities. Our general approach to the audit of Municipality of the Town of Riverview, New Brunswick was to assess the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements and then respond by designing audit procedures.

Independent Auditor's Report

We anticipate that our Independent Auditor's Report will be issued without modification.

Our Independent Auditor's Report will be dated no earlier than the date on which we have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence on which to base our audit opinion on the financial statements, including evidence that all the statements and disclosures that comprise the financial statements have been prepared and the Board of Directors has approved the financial statements.

Illegal Acts, Fraud, Intentional Misstatements and Errors

Our auditing procedures, including tests of your accounting records, were limited to those considered necessary in the circumstances and will not necessarily disclose all illegal acts should any exist. Under CAS, we consider the municipality's control environment, governance structure, circumstances encountered during the audit and the potential likelihood of fraud and illegal acts occurring.

These procedures are not designed to test for fraudulent or illegal acts, nor will they necessarily detect such acts or recognize them as such, even if the effect on the financial statements is material. However, should we become aware that an illegal or possibly illegal act or act of fraud may have occurred, other than one considered clearly inconsequential, we will communicate directly to the Town council.

It is our responsibility to maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. This recognizes the possibility that a material misstatement due to fraud could exist, notwithstanding our past experience of the honesty and integrity of the municipality's management and the Town council.

It is management's responsibility to detect and prevent illegal action. If such acts are discovered or the Town council becomes aware of circumstances under which the municipality may have been involved in fraudulent, illegal or regulatory non-compliance situations, such circumstances must be disclosed to us.

Testing during our audit did not reveal any illegal, improper or questionable payments or acts, nor any acts committed with the intent to deceive, involving either misappropriation of assets or misrepresentation of assets or misrepresentation of financial information.

Related Party Transactions

During our audit, we conduct various tests and procedures to identify transactions considered to involve related parties. Related parties exist when one party has the ability to exercise, directly or indirectly, control, joint control or significant influence over the other. Two or more parties are related when they are subject to common control, joint control or common significant influence. Related parties also include management, directors and their immediate family members and companies with which these individuals have an economic interest.

There were no related party transactions identified during the audit that required disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Significant Accounting Principles and Policies

Management is responsible for the appropriate selection and application of accounting policies. Our role is to review the appropriateness and application as part of our audit. The significant accounting principles and policies are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

The accounting policies adopted may be acceptable policies under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards; however, alternative policies may also be acceptable under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. The municipality and the Town council have a responsibility to not adopt extreme or inappropriate interpretations of Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards that may have inappropriate or misleading results. Alternative policies, if adopted, may produce significant changes in the reported results of the operations, financial position and disclosures of the municipality.

The Town council has a responsibility to review the accounting policies adopted by the municipality, and where alternative policies are available, make determinations as to the most appropriate policies to be adopted in the circumstances. If the Town council believe that the adoption or change in accounting policy may produce an inappropriate or misleading result in financial reporting or disclosure, this concern must be discussed with management and us.

There were no new accounting policies adopted or changes to the application of accounting policies of the municipality during the year.

Accounting Estimates

Management is responsible for the accounting estimates included in the financial statements. Estimates and the related judgements and assumptions are based on management's knowledge of the business and past experience about current and future events.

Our responsibility as auditor is to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to provide reasonable assurance that management's accounting estimates are reasonable within the context of the financial statements as a whole. An audit includes performing appropriate procedures to verify the:

- Calculation of accounting estimates;
- Analyzing of key factors such as underlying management assumptions;
- Materiality of estimates individually and in the aggregate in relation to the financial statements as a whole;
- Estimate's sensitivity to variation and deviation from historical patterns;
- Estimate's consistency with the entity's business plans; and
- Other audit evidence.

Risk-based

Our risk-based approach focuses on obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence to reduce the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements to an appropriately low level. This means that we focus our audit work on areas that have a higher risk of being materially misstated.

Materiality

Materiality is used throughout the audit and in particular when:

- a) Identifying and assessing risk of material misstatement;
- b) Determining the nature, timing and extent of further audit procedures; and
- c) Evaluating the effect of uncorrected misstatements, if any, on the financial statements and in forming an opinion on the Auditor's Report.

Materiality is defined as:

Materiality is the term used to describe the significance of financial statement information to decision makers. An item of information, or an aggregate of items, is material if it is probable that its omission or misstatement would influence or change a decision. Materiality is a matter of professional judgement in the particular circumstances.

Audit Procedures

The objective of the tests of controls is to evaluate whether certain controls operated effectively. The objective of the tests of details is to detect material misstatements in the account balances and transaction streams. Substantive analytical procedures are used to identify differences between recorded amounts and predictable expectations in larger volumes of transactions over time.

In response to our risk assessment and based on our understanding of internal controls, we adopted a substantive approach for the audit.

Evaluation of Internal Controls

Audits include a review and evaluation of the system of internal controls to assist in determining the level of reliance that may or should be placed on the system in assessing the nature and extent of audit procedures to be undertaken.

There are no internal control matters that we wish to bring to your attention.

Significant Misstatements

In the course of our audit, we have not found any material misstatements or unadjusted items that, in aggregate, exceed materiality thresholds established for the audit, nor have we found significant misstatements that would likely cause future financial statements to be materially misstated.

Uncorrected Misstatements

In the course of our audit, we have not identified any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Significant Unusual Transactions

We are not aware of any significant transactions entered into by the municipality that you should be informed about.

Disagreements with Management

We are required to communicate any disagreements with management, whether or not resolved, about matters that are individually or in aggregate significant to the municipality's financial statements or Auditor's Report. Disagreements may arise over:

- Selection or application of accounting principles;
- Assumptions and related judgements for accounting estimates;
- Financial statement disclosures;
- Scope of the audit; or
- Wording of the Auditor's Report.

In the course of our audit, we did not have any significant disagreements with management, nor were we under any significant time pressures or poor working conditions. We are not aware of any cause for concern as to management's attitude, competence or credibility with respect to matters affecting the financial statements.

Other Matters

Requirements of the Province of New Brunswick Municipal Governance Act and Municipal Capital Borrowing Act

Under the rules of the Province of New Brunswick Municipal Governance Act and the Municipal Capital Borrowing Act, there are several guidelines and ratios which are required to be adhered to in the operation of the Town. The following are the guidelines and ratios of these Acts which were reviewed as a part of our audit:

- Debt Service Ratio to Budget
- Borrowing to Finance Operations
- Total Debt to Assessed Values
- Current Year Debt to Assessed Values
- Short-Term Debt within Capital Funds

Through our audit procedures it was found the Town was in compliance with all of the ratios noted above.

Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties during our audit that should be brought to the attention of the Town council.

Management Letter

During our audit, we did not note any significant issues to report to management; accordingly, we will be issuing a "no issues" letter to management.

Conclusion

We wish to express our appreciation for the co-operation we received during the audit from the municipality's management.

Should you wish to discuss or review any matter addressed in this letter or any other matters related to financial reporting, please do not hesitate to contact us at any time.

Yours very truly,



Baker Tilly GMA LLP
per: Andrew Boudreau, CPA, CA